The Old Time Radio Club

The **ILLUSTRATED**

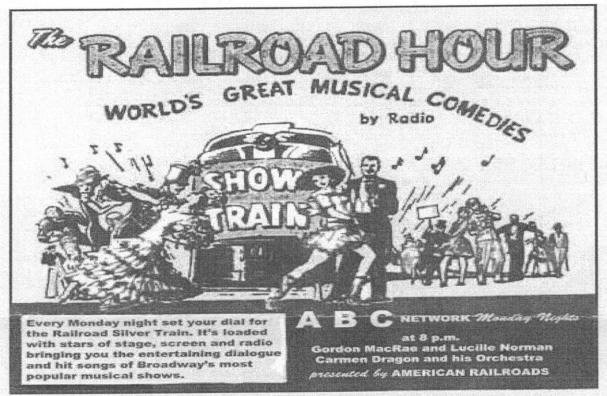
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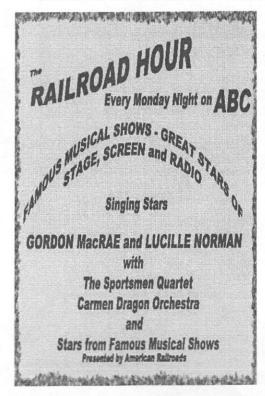


Established 1975

PRESS

September 2014







MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Club Membership: \$20.00 per year from January 1st to December 31st. Members receive a media library listing and a monthly newsletter. Memberships are as follows: If you join January-March, \$20.00; April-June, \$14.00; July-September, \$10.00; October-December, \$7.00. All renewals should be sent in as soon as possible to avoid missing issues of the newsletter. Please be sure to notify us if you have a change of address. The Old Time Radio Club meets on the first Monday of the month at 7:30 p.m. during the months of September through June at St. Aloysius School Hall, Cleveland Drive and Century Road, Cheektowaga, NY. There is no meeting during the month of July and a Club picnic in August.

Anyone interested in the Golden Age of Radio is welcome. The Old Time Radio Club is affiliated with the Old Time Radio Network.

CLUB MAILING ADDRESS
Old Time Radio Club
56 Christen Court
Lancaster, NY 14086



All submissions are subject to approval prior to actual publication.

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Send all articles, letters, exchange newsletters, etc. to: *The Illustrated Press*

c/o Tom Cherre, Editor (716) 833-9713 144 Fontaine Drive Cheektowaga, NY 14215 skylark68 1999@yahoo.com

Assistant to the Editor:

Richard Leroux (716) 693-0573 P.O. Box 54 North Tonawanda, NY 14120 rfl.1644@yahoo.com

REMINDER

All renewal and new member checks should be made out to D. P. PARISI, not the Old Time Radio Club.

CLUB OFFICERS

President:

Jerry Collins (716) 683-6199 56 Christen Court Lancaster, NY 14086 collins@yahoo.com

Vice President & Canadian Branch:

Richard Simpson (905) 892-4688 960 16 Road R.R. 3 Fenwick, Ontario Canada, LOS 1C0

Treasurer:

Dominic Parisi (716) 884-2004 38 Ardmore Place Buffalo, NY 14213

Membership Renewals, Change of Address: Peter Bellanca (716) 773-2485 1620 Ferry Road Grand Island, NY 14072-3035 pmb1620@gmail.com

Membership Inquires and OTR Network Related Items:

Richard Olday (716) 684-1604 171 Parwood Trail Depew, NY 14043-1071 raolday41@yahoo.com

Technical Manager/CD and MP3 Librarian:
Bob McDivitt (716) 681-8073
100 Poinciana Parkway
Cheektowaga, NY 14225
robmcd@verizon.net

Reference Librarian:

Don Friedrich (716) 626-9164 21 Southcrest Cheektowaga, NY 14225 don201353@gmail.com

Cassette Librarian:

Dan Marafino (716) 684-0733 19 Church Street Lancaster, NY 14086 digbee45@aol.com

Library Rates: Audio cassettes and CD's are \$1.95 each and recorded on a club supplied cassette or CD which is retained by the member. Rates include postage and handling and payable in U.S. funds.

Club Web Page: Now you can view and download our various catalogs and club information at --www.buffalo-otr-club.org



Thanks to Jack French and other Old Time Radio people I have come up with more than enough material to fill the newsletter. Next month I will even write one myself. I have mentioned Rudy Vallee many times, but have never given him his due credit. I am still accepting articles from our own members too. This issue starts my fourth or fifth year as editor. I plan to do it for at least two (2) more years. I don't mind doing it, but it is a bit time consuming and I wish someone else would enjoy that same experience. I'll remind the club in 2 more years.

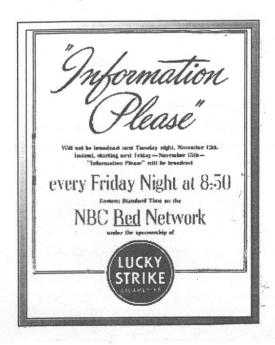
During the summer I managed to take 10 boxes of cassettes from Dan. Other members have taken the same or more. The club will make sure tapes will go out if members request them. Dan Marafino will give me a list of tapes that various members have in their possession. That list should be in the October newsletter.

Our club picnic seems to be getting smaller and smaller. My suggestion is to just have a Pizza party. It's less work, there's no cooking, and who doesn't like pizza? Well, we'll talk about it next year. Dick handed me a news article he received from Jack French at the picnic. It's an article from The Washington Post by Melanie D. G. Kaplan. It puts Buffalo in a good light. After some editing I will try and put it in the October issue.

Speaking of Hopalong Cassidy, he will be the featured star when our "Old Time Movie Night" resumes. The cowboy with the black hat and white horse usually had one punch fights. Boyd who was along in years when he started taking on Clarence and crusty Hopalong Mulford's crude Cassidy. Yes the character Mulford created for his books was a hard drinking smoker, who usually spoke like a veteran sailor. This hombre was the complete opposite of what Boyd played in the movies. William Boyd was also an intelligent financer. He made a bundle after scraping all the money he had to buy all the rights for the Hopalong Cassidy character, and made millions for his efforts. This is just a little preview for the Hopalong Cassidy article coming up in a few months. Boyd made 67 Hoppy flicks ,and 104 radio shows. He also did TV. I think I may have told you that the first time I saw a TV show, it was Hopalong Cassidy, many moons ago. Atop his horse Topper, Cassidy was the 19th century embodiment of the medieval knight. He was a fatherly figure type of hero, rarely courting the ladies, but always getting his man.

Cigarette Pack Color Serves In War

Lucky Strike Green Has Gone Red



In 1942, smokers of Lucky Strike Cigarettes noticed a drastic change to the Lucky Strike packs. Instead of the usual dark green and gold, the packs were white with red trim. On the bottom of the new packs was a curious abbreviation, "L.S.M.F.T." The reason for the change was heard on the radio commercials for Lucky Strike.

Like with many other products during World War 2, the Lucky Strike radio commercials had a patriotic theme. The radio listeners heard the announcer say, "Lucky Strike Green Has Gone To War." What he meant, the green dye used for the packaging of the Lucky Strike packs would be used for the war effort. The phrase was heard frequently on all programs Lucky Strike sponsored at that time. Unfortunately, it also stirred up a hornet's nest with one program.



When Lucky Strike sponsored Information Please (1940-43), it was a marriage that was made in a lower place than Heaven. From the very beginning, it was a battle between two strong willed men, George Washington Hill, the big cheese of the American Tobacco Company, and Dan Golenpaul, the creator of Information Please. While this relationship was stormy, it took the infamous Lucky Strike Green Has Gone To War phrase to really stir up trouble.

During a typical broadcast of Information Please, the phrase was uttered or whispered at every opportunity it could be said---even during the program! When there was a brief pause in the conversation between M.C. Clifton Fadiman and the program's panelists, the phrase was presented. Not only did this prove to be a distraction with the radio listeners, It also made Golenpaul furious. With the concern of ruining the program, Golenpaul asked Hill to drop the constant presentation of the phrase. Hill refused. The bitter Sponsor/Program

relationship would eventually go to court. It was a well- publicized event. Public opinion had Golenpaul as the good guy and Hill as the villain. The case was dismissed, but the stormy program/sponsor relationship came to a merciful end. Golenpaul was finally rid of Hill, Lucky Strike, and the annoying phrase. Lucky Strike Has Gone To War not only rubbed Golenpaul the wrong way, it also grated the nerves of the people who mattered the most---the radio listeners. In a 1943 poll conducted in Woman's Day magazine, Lucky Strike Green Has Gone To War was voted one of the most disliked radio commercials by the listeners who participated.

After Hill thought it served its purpose, Lucky Strike Green Has Gone To War passed into radio advertising oblivion--much to the relief of the listeners. With L.S./M.F.T. becoming the catch phrase, the Lucky Strike commercials continued the tradition as a source of unpopularity with the listeners. (For the record L.S./M.F.T. was On paper Lucky Strike Green Has Gone To War appeared to be a patriotic gesture to help the Allies. The truth to the matter was that Hill intended to change and modernize the Lucky Strike packs anyway. It just so happened that World War 2 was in progress and the 'sacrifice" of the green dye made the American Tobacco Company look good with the public.

Editor: To my knowledge I never heard any friction concerning the Lucky commercials. Listening to the Jack Benny Show, I always enjoyed hearing the "Sportsmen" do their Lucky Strike jingles. On radio and TV I've always thought that the cigarette companies presented the best commercials on the air. Even though I'm not a smoker I always liked the commercials.





Famous Babies Sell Products On Radio

With the "Great Depression" gripping the lives of the American people, the decade of the 1930's was a dark period in American history. Jobs were scarce; dust storms raised havoc in the Midwest; and the morale was at an all time low. It was a time the people needed something----anything to get them out of their despair. That miracle took place in 1934 at Collander, Ontario (Canada) with the birth of the Dionne Quintuplets (Yvonne, Marie, Annette, Emilie, and Cecile).



Only Cecile and Annette are alive today. Emille died at the age of 20. Marie died of a blood clot at age 35. Yvonne lived to be 67 and died of cancer in 2001. Cecile and Marie are currently living in the Montreal suburb of Saint-Bruno-de-Montarville. The two living sisters are both divorced and received a monetary supplement from Ontario for compensation for being virtual slaves to the media. They wrote an open letter to the parents of the McCaughey sextuplets warning against allowing too much publicity to the children. Stressing that they had no privacy in their lives and were virtually like zoo animals on display. Editor

The fascination of the babies spread like wildfire. The small Ontario town quickly became a tourist attraction, and the Dionne Quintuplets were instant celebrities. Sharing the spotlight with the children was Dr. Allan Roy Dafoe, who delivered the babies on that historic day and later became their guardian With the interest at a fever pitch, advertising agencies sought Dafoe to feature the babies in the advertising of their respective products. In no time, the Dionne Quintuplets and Dafoe became the 1930's answer to Arthur Godfrey for effective advertising. In magazine ads they all had their pictures taken for the products they were selling. However, advertising on the radio proved to be a challenge.

Simply put, the children were much too young to say the words about the products they were selling on the air. To get around this small problem, the announcer simply mentioned that Dafoe "selected" the products for them. For example, he selected Colgate Dental Crème, because it cleaned the children's teeth thoroughly, yet gently, and Palmolive Soap because of its gentle olive oil content. Both Colgate Dental Crème and Palmolive Soap were already top selling brands—and with Dafoe and the quins in their corners, both products were more popular than ever.

In 1937, Palmolive Soap combined the people's interest with the quins with their interest in radio premiums. On Columbia's Palmolive Beauty Box Theater, announcer Jean Paul King described an offer that would "Thrill Your Children" --- and maybe thrill a few adults as well. The premium was A Day With The Quins, a cutout book with natural color pictures of the Dionne Quintuplets. There were 4 pages with 63 different outfits the children could cut out and dress the quins. Although the premium was

designed for the children, their parents also had a gift. The cutout book cover was a copy of a full cover oil painting of the Dionne Quins saying good night to Dafoe. It could be placed in a frame and hung on the wall. In order to receive



This premium, the listeners sent in the black bands from 3 Palmolive Soap wrappers (no money was required). To the surprise of absolutely no one, the response for this premium was overwhelming. If any copies of this premium survive today, it would be a valuable collector's item.

As the 1940's began, the public's interest in the Dionne Quintuplets started to decline. They continued to have their names mentioned in radio commercials, and their faces pictured in magazine ads well into the decade. Noticeably missing from the 1940's advertising was Dr. Dafoe, who died in 1943.

If you're wondering what products featured the Dionne Quintuplets in their advertising, these are some. Karo Syrup, Musterole, Colgate Ribbon Dental Crème, Palmolive Soap, Kre-Mel Pudding, Lysol Disinfectant, Lysol Hygenic Soap, Chevrolet, Quaker Oats, GM's Body by Remington-Rand Fisher, Baby Ruth, Typewriters, Pure Test Cod Liver Oil, Hinds Honey And & Almond Fragrance Cream, and Carnation Evaporated Milk.



Even His Initials Were B.S. Part One

By Jack French



When Bill Stern was inducted into the Radio Hall of Fame in 1988, he had been dead for 17 years and he had not been heard regularly on network radio since the 1960s. However the induction of sponsors knew that Stern's years of spouting pure hokum, disguised as historical fact, had not yet been forgotten by the American public. To put his decades of prevarication at the microphone in the best possible light, they carefully crafted this explanation.

"He told tales of sports legends and strange occurrences which kept listeners eagerly waiting for the climax. Although some of the reports stretched the limits of credibility, no one doubted that Stern was a master

storyteller who used emphasis, repetition, and pauses to perfection."

It was a fitting epitaph to the sports announcer who had flim-flammed his listening audience for a quarter of a century. William Stern was born July 1, 1907 in Rochester, New York. He was a Jew; his ancestors were Prussian Jewish immigrants, one of whom had anglicized his family name, Sterngold, to Stern. While still a teenager, he got his first job in radio at WHAM in Rochester, broadcasting local football games. He dabbled in both theater and vaudeville as a director and manager which doubtless led him to later favor creative drama over actual facts when at the microphone.

Most of his early work in broadcasting, both regional and network, involved play-by-play commentary at sporting events. He handled boxing, football, and baseball with equal facility. Generally in describing these events, he stuck to an accurate recitation of what was actually happening in these sports venues. Occasionally he made mistakes. During one football game, a player broke loose for a long run and Stern misidentified him, not once but several times, as the runner closed in on the goal line. Just before he sped into the end zone, Stern realized he had the wrong name so he quickly told his radio audience the runner had lateraled the football to the correct player who had scored. Months later, a rival sportscaster, Clem McCarthy, named the wrong horse winning at the race track. When Stern rebuked McCarthy for his error,

McCarthy replied, "Well Bill, you can't lateral a horse."



Clem McCarthy, one of the most famous sports and public address announcers, is usually remembered for his flub in the Preakness Stakes of 1947. Actually, his view was blocked by the crowd at the far turn with two horses of similar color silks. It was an honest mistake. He was devastated by his "faux paux" and lived with it for the rest of his life. His calling of the Joe Louis-Max Schmeling rematch on NBC at Yankee Stadium in 1938 was one of his greatest moments. Fd.

But it wasn't until the late thirties when NBC hired Stern to host the Colgate Sports Newsreel that his predilection prevarication reached full flower. On this 15 minute program, sponsored by Colgate Shaving Cream, Stern had an open field to talk about anything even vaguely related to sports. He did brief interviews with celebrities (including Mickey Rooney, Brace Beemer, "Ellery Queen", Boris Karloff, Eddie Cantor, Fred Waring, etc.) on some aspects

of athletics. A musical quartet sang songs in the background while he recited some sporting announcements. Stern ended each show with snappy bits of Hollywood gossip and sports trivia. But the keynote of every program was a tale of some fantastic occurrence, usually combining a sports hero with a historical personage.

Stern told each flamboyant tale with an organist providing the punctuation. Usually he narrated his stories without help but occasionally he employed the radio actors to provide dialog, especially if the character were a woman or a child. One of his typical stories involved the death of Abraham Lincoln. In his best "true-as-gospel" voice, Stern told of the dying President sending for Union General Abner Doubleday, who some have credited with inventing baseball. "Keep baseball alive" gasped the President to Doubleday as Booth's bullet was ending his life. "In the trying days ahead, this country will need it." Then Stern described Lincoln's head falling back on the bloody pillow as he expired.

Of course, in actuality, the wounded president never uttered a single word after being shot in Ford's Theater but since Stern told this fabrication to his radio audience with his characteristic intensity and conviction, he probably convinced many of them that it was historical fact. For in addition to his sincere and energetic delivery, Stern had additional credentials, based upon his voice being trusted by thousands who heard him broadcasting

sporting events and narrating news reels at movie houses.

John Dunning, in summarizing the *Colgate Sports Newsreel*, pointed out that Stern would "tell the same story twice, a year or so apart, using conflicting facts and passing off both versions as true." Dunning lists a number of Stern's fairy tales including the blind man who won a track meet, the dead jockey who rode his horse to a first place finish, and a legless but very successful baseball player.



His jingle that opened up the door for his legendary yarns "Bill Stern the Colgate Shave Cream man is on the air Bill Stern the Colgate Shave Cream man with stories rare Take his advice and you'll look nice. Your face will feel as cold as ice. With Colgate Shave you'll be a fan."

With his strong background in theater and vaudeville,
Stern certainly knew how to captivate his listening
audience. He would tell tales bigger than Pinnochio, but his
swallowed it up to the limit. I was one of those guzzlers,
myself hypnotized by his far-fetched tales of ths oddest
characters that ever played the game. Bill Stern was
himself a legend and a one of a kind. Editor.

There was virtually no limit to Stern's audacity in creating these phony stories and passing them off as incredible but true narratives. But the NBC network officials eventually got nervous enough to add some innocuous disclaimers to the program, along the terms of terming Bill "America's most famous collector of yarns and stories...some legend...some hearsay...but all interesting."

However Stern never missed a beat. In one show, he solemnly assured his radio fans that Thomas Elva Edison's deafness was the direct result of an incident on the baseball diamond when the inventor was playing semi-pro ball. The opposing pitcher had accidentally beaned Edison on his ear with a fast ball and the resultant injury eroded Edison's hearing. "And that pitcher was ..." intoned Stern into the microphone, Jesse James! In reality, Edison had never played semi-pro baseball, and of course, had never met either of the James brothers.

whopper concerned George Another Gershwin, who according to Stern, was once just a struggling song writer until he met a famous athlete who inspired him to greatness. "Listen George, take my advice before it's too late, will ya?" Stern quoted the athlete, "Don't just write another song. You can write the greatest one of all and I hope I'm alive to hear it." Stern claimed that Gershwin then composed his greatest musical piece, Rhapsody in Blue, and when he played it for the first time in Manhattan's Aeolian Hall, Gershwin said under his breath, This one's for you Christie.

"Ralston Revisited"

by Jack French

With the exception of Jim Harmon and Gary Yoggy, I'm probably the most fervent fan of radio's "Tom Mix Ralston Straight-Shooters." Despite that, like many other OTR fans, I've harbored unhappy childhood memories of trying to get Hot Ralston down my gullet in order to obtain the box tops for the radio premiums Tom was anxious to send me. To this youngster, growing up in Kaukauna, WI, that bowl of gray, tasteless mush was a far cry from its description (by announcer Don Gordon) as "DEE-licious!"

About the time I was in 6th grade, Ralston brought out Shredded Ralston, a cold cereal for warm weather seasons, and I was delighted with the choice. This crisp cereal, later to be re-named Wheat Chex, made it easier for me to accumulate the required box tops. Therefore I could get the decoder pins, whistling sheriff's badge, arrowhead compass, etc. with greater ease.



Then some 60 years later, I'm ambling through a country store near Frederick, MD when I chanced to spot Ralston in bright red and yellow boxes on the shelf. Grabbing one, I flip it over and on the back is Tom Mix winking at me. (Not any of radio's Tom Mix's, but the cowboy movie star.) Included is a brief history of Ralston (originated superimposed over a U.S. history (i.e. "The 50s gave rise to television.")

I bought two boxes; one to consume at home (if I could) and a second to donate to the raffle prizes at FOTR Newark. And today, with an inch of snow on my northern Virginia lawn, I break out the Ralston and follow the microwave directions. As I carry the steaming bowl to the breakfast nook, I have a box of brown sugar and a jug of maple syrup standing by, if they are needed.

I take my first bite and SURPRISE; it doesn't taste bad at all. Another spoonful and my amazement continues. My Ralston has a pleasing, nut-like flavor, quite different from my memories of childhood. Has Ralston (now Ralcorp Holdings, Inc) changed the recipe or improved the flavor? Or are my 70 year old taste buds betraying me? I dunno, but hot Ralston now tastes darn good. My wife's theory is that as a kid we like our cereal "sweet" so Hot Ralston appealed to few. I'm not sure that's the reason, since my folks wouldn't put sweetened cereals on our table. We willingly ate un-sweetened Cheerios and Kix (for Lone Ranger premiums) and Kellog's Pep (for Superman prizes) but I don't recall any pre-sweetened breakfast food at our house.



This modern hot Ralston, Jim Harmon tells me, has been distributed sparingly for several years. Ralston used to sell it directly from St. Louis, MO to consumers at the amazingly low price of \$ 8.50 for six boxes. But now it's only available on-line or in a few retail stores. Neither Safeway nor Giant carry it in my area. The Maryland store where I bought my two boxes is a small chain in Maryland and Pennsylvania called Weis Foods; they sell it for about \$ 2.75 a box. The Vermont Country Store, with user-unfriendly web site www.vermontcountrystore.com, sells Ralston too, but only in batches of three boxes for \$ 12.90, plus S & H.

Other former Straight-Shooters are invited to replicate my discovery....

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